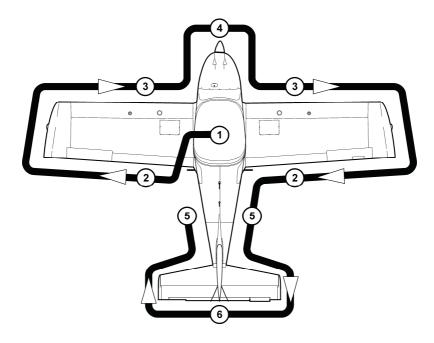
PS-28 Cruiser - Daily Inspection



(1) Canopy Condition of attachment, cleanness

Cockpit Check for loose objects

Switches:

IGNITION OFF MASTER BAT ON

ENG INSTR ON, Check battery voltage

Check Engine instruments functioning

Check Fuel quantity indication

FLT INSTR ON, Check Electric attitude indicator

Electric directional gyro and

Electric turn coordinator functioning

AVIONICS ON, Check functioning of Transponder,

Transceiver, Intercom and GPS

NAV, STROBE, LDG L ON, check functioning COCKPIT L, INSTR L ON, check functioning

FLIGHT CONTROLS visual inspection, function, clearance,

free movement up to stops,

check wing flaps and trims operation

ALL SWITCHES OFF MASTER BAT OFF

PS-28 Cruiser - Daily Inspection

(2) Wing flap surface condition, attachment, clearance

Aileron surface condition, attachment, clearance

free movement, trim tab surface condition

(Right aileron only), attachment

Wing tip surface condition,

strobe/nav light attachment

(3) Wing upper surface condition, cleanness

Leading edge surface condition, cleanness

Wing locker closed and locked

Pitot head condition, attachment, cleanness

(4) Nose gear wheel, fairing and leg attachment,

condition, pressure of tire

Engine cowling condition

Engine mount and

Exhaust manifold condition, attachment

Oil quantity check

check oil level and replenish as required

close the oil tank

Coolant quantity check

Fuel and electrical system visual inspection

Fuel system draining

(5) Main landing gear wheel, fairing, leg and brake attachment,

condition, pressure of tire

Fuselage surface condition, cleanness

Antennas attachment

(6) Vertical tail unit condition of surface, attachment,

free movement, rudder stops

Horizontal tail unit condition of surface, attachment,

free movement, elevator stop

trim tab surface condition, attachment anti-balance tab surface condition.

attachment

PERFORM WEIGHT AND BALANCE CHECK BEFORE FLIGHT

Before Engine Start

Preflight / Daily COMPLETED

Papers / Map ON BOARD

Weight & Balance COMPLETED

Flight controls free & correct movement

Canopy clean, close and lock

Loose objects SECURED

Safety harness fasten

Brakes fully applied

PARKING BRAKE ON

Engine Start

1. THROTTLE **IDLE**

2. **CHOKE** - cold engine **ON** (fully pulled and hold)

- warm engine **OFF**

3. FUEL selector LEFT or RIGHT

(in accordance with fuel tanks filling)

4. **MASTER BAT** ON

5. **ENG INSTR** ON

6. FUEL P ON

7. Propeller area Clear

8. Ignition Switch hold **START**

after engine is starting BOTH

After Engine is Running

1. **MASTER GEN** ON

2. **FLT INSTR** ON

3. AVIONICS ON

4. **FUEL P** OFF

Other SwitchesON as necessary

6. **CHOKE** gradually release during engine warm-up

7. THROTTLE maintain max. 2,500 rpm for warming up

(oil temperature < 50 °C)

Initially warm up the engine to 2,000 rpm for approximately 2 min, then continue to 2,500 rpm till oil temperature reaches 50 °C. The warm up period depends on ambient air temperature. Check temperatures and pressures.

Oil pressure 2 - 5 bar (7 bar max. cold engine)

Taxi

1. Radio call Clearance

2. Wind direction CHECK

3. Flaps Retracted (0°)

4. **PARKING BRAKE** RELEASE

5. Brakes Function check at taxiing start

Apply power and brakes as needed. Apply brakes (left or right) to control movement on ground. Taxi carefully when wind velocity exceeds 20 knots. Hold the control stick in neutral position. During the airplane waiting maintain the engine speed within the range from 2,100 to 2,300 rpm.

Engine Run-Up

Brakes Fully Applied

2. Throttle MAX

3. Engine speed Check $(5,000 \pm 100 \text{ rpm} - \text{wind calm})$

4. Engine gauges Within Limits

5. Throttle IDLE

6. Engine acceleration Check

CAUTION: To prevent impact load, wait for around 3 sec. after throttling back to partial load to reach constant speed before re-acceleration.

7. Ignition Check set engine speed to 4,000 rpm

switch ignition gradually to

L - BOTH - R - BOTH

(Max. engine speed drop with only one ignition circuit must not exceed 300 rpm. Max. engine speed drop diff. between circuits L and R should be 115 rpm)

8. CARBURETOR AIR PULL HOT

check carburetor preheating function (Engine speed drop approx. 50 rpm.)

PUSH OFF

9. Throttle IDLE

NOTE: For checking the two ignition circuits, only one circuit may be switched OFF and ON at a time.

		Before Takeoff
1.	Altimeter	Set
2.	Trims	Set neutral position
3.	Flight controls	Check free movement
4.	Cockpit canopy	Closed and locked

4.

RECOMMENDATION: Before takeoff, manually check the canopy is locked by pushing the canopy upwards.

5.	Safety harness	Fastened
6.	FUEL selector	LEFT or RIGHT - check correct position
7.	Ignition switch	вотн

Takeoff Position (12°)

Flaps

		Takeoff
1.	THROTTLE	MAX
2.	Engine speed	Check (5,000 ±100 rpm - wind calm)
3.	Engine gauges	within limits
4.	Elevator control	neutral position at 30-34 KIAS pull slightly to lift nose wheel
5.	Airplane unstick	at 40 - 44 KIAS
6.	Climb	after reaching airspeed 62 KIAS
7.	Brakes	apply
8.	Flaps	retract (0°) at safe altitude (max. airspeed for flaps using is 75 KIAS)
9.	Trims	as necessary

Takeoff is prohibited if: engine is running unsteadily, roughly or with vibrations, engine instrument values are beyond operational limits, aircraft systems working incorrectly, **Wind velocity exceeds 24 kt headwind, 12 kt crosswind**

	Climb
1. THROTTLE	MAX max. 5,800 rpm for max. 5 min, max. continuous power 5,500 rpm
2. Airspeed	Vx = 55 KIAS Vy = 62 KIAS
3. Trims	as necessary
4. Engine gauges	within limits

If the cylinder head temperature or oil temperature and/or coolant temperature approaches or exceeds limits, reduce the climb angle to increase airspeed and possibly return within limits. If readings do not improve, troubleshoot causes other than high power setting at low airspeed.

Approach

Approach speed 60 KIAS

2. THROTTLE as necessary

3. Flaps takeoff position (12°)

4. Trims as necessary

5. Safety harness fasten

It is not advisable to reduce the engine throttle control lever to minimum on final approach and when descending from very high altitude. In such cases the engine becomes under-cooled and a loss of power may occur. Descent at increased idle (approximately 3,000 rpm), airspeed 60-75 KIAS and check that the engine instruments indicate values within permitted limits.

Normal Landing

Before landing

1. THROTTLE as necessary

2. Airspeed 60 KIAS

3. Flaps landing position (30°)

4. Trims as necessary

Landing

1. THROTTLE **IDLE**

2. Touch-down on main wheels

3. Apply brakes as necessary

(after the nose wheel touch-down)

After landing

1. Flaps retract (0°)

2. THROTTLE engine RPM set as required for taxiing

Trims set neutral position

Engine shut down

1. THROTTLE **IDLE**

2. Instruments engine instruments within limits

3. Ignition Switch **OFF**

4. Switches OFF

5. MASTER BAT & GEN OFF

6. **FUEL** selector **OFF**

If necessary, cool the engine at engine speed within the range 2,100 to 2,300 rpm to stabilize the temperatures prior to engine shut down.

Balked landing procedures

1. THROTTLE MAX max. 5,800 rpm for max. 5 min, max. continuous power 5,500 rpm

2. Airspeed min. 60 KIAS

3. Flaps takeoff position (12°)

(max. airspeed for flaps using is 75 KIAS)

4. Trims as necessary

Climb after reaching 62 KIAS

6. Flaps retract (0°) at safe altitude

(max. airspeed for flaps using is 75 KIAS)

7. Trims as necessary

Aircraft parking and tie-down

1. Ignition Switch OFF

2. MASTER BAT & GEN OFF

3. **FUEL** selector **OFF**

4. Parking brake as necessary

Canopy close, lock as necessary

6. Secure the airplane

NOTE: It is recommended to use parking brake for short-time parking only, between flights during a flight day. After ending the flight day or at low temperatures of ambient air, do not use parking brake, but use the wheel chocks instead.

Aircraft limits	
V_{S0} to V_{FE} Flap extended speed range	31 - 75 KIAS
V _{SO} Full Flaps	31 KIAS
V _X Best Angle of Climb	55 KIAS
V _Y Best Rate of Climb	62 KIAS
V _A Maneuvering speed at 600 kg	88 KIAS
V _{NO} Maximum structural cruising speed	108 KIAS
V _{NE} Never exceed speed	138 KIAS
V _S Stall Clean	37 KIAS
Best Glide Speed	60 KIAS
Max demonstrated crosswind	12 KNOTS
Max demonstrated crosswind Max demonstrated headwind	12 KNOTS 24 KNOTS
Max demonstrated headwind	24 KNOTS
Max demonstrated headwind	24 KNOTS
Max demonstrated headwind Service ceiling	24 KNOTS 15,090 ft
Max demonstrated headwind Service ceiling G-Limits Flaps Up	24 KNOTS 15,090 ft +4 / -2
Max demonstrated headwind Service ceiling G-Limits Flaps Up	24 KNOTS 15,090 ft +4 / -2
Max demonstrated headwind Service ceiling G-Limits Flaps Up G-Limits Flaps Down	24 KNOTS 15,090 ft +4 / -2 +2 / 0
Max demonstrated headwind Service ceiling G-Limits Flaps Up G-Limits Flaps Down Max. takeoff weight	24 KNOTS 15,090 ft +4 / -2 +2 / 0 600 kg
Max demonstrated headwind Service ceiling G-Limits Flaps Up G-Limits Flaps Down Max. takeoff weight Maximum crew weight on each seat	24 KNOTS 15,090 ft +4 / -2 +2 / 0 600 kg 115 kg
Max demonstrated headwind Service ceiling G-Limits Flaps Up G-Limits Flaps Down Max. takeoff weight Maximum crew weight on each seat Wing fuel tanks capacity	24 KNOTS 15,090 ft +4 / -2 +2 / 0 600 kg 115 kg 2 x 57 L

When flying in the rain, no additional steps are required. Aircraft qualities and performance are not substantially changed. However VMC must be maintained!